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# CMS-EXO-14-014 Validation

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**Title:** Search for heavy Majorana neutrinos in  $e^\pm e^\pm$  jets and  $e^\pm \mu^\pm$  jets events in proton-proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8\text{TeV}$

**Luminosity:**  $19.7\text{ fb}^{-1}$

**Center of Mass Energy:** 8 TeV

## 1 THE ANALYSIS

A search is performed for heavy Majorana neutrinos (N) decaying into a Wboson and a lepton using the CMS detector at the Large Hadron Collider. A signature of two jets and either two same sign electrons or a same sign electron-muon pair is searched for using  $19.7\text{ fb}^{-1}$  of data collected during 2012 in proton-proton collisions at a centre-of-mass energy of 8 TeV. The data are found to be consistent with the expected standard model (SM) background.

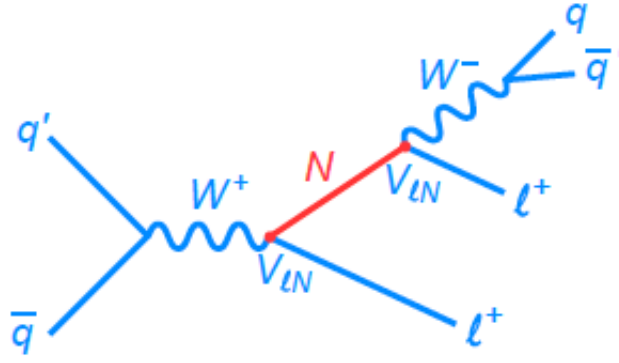


Figure 1.1: Feynman diagram for resonant production of a Majorana neutrino, where  $l^\pm$  counts for both electrons and muons only.

## 2 SELECTION CRITERIA FOR SIGNAL REGIONS

Depending on the  $m_N$  hypothesis, signal events from heavy neutrino decays have different kinematic properties. In the low mass search region ( $m_N \leq m_W$ ), the W boson propagator that produces the heavy neutrino is on-shell and the final state system of dileptons and two jets should have an invariant mass close to the W mass. In the high mass search region ( $m_N > m_W$ ), the W boson propagator is off-shell but the W boson from the heavy neutrino decay is onshell, so the invariant mass of the two jets from the W will be close to the W mass. Therefore, two different selection criteria were developed, depending on the heavy neutrino mass hypothesis to obtain the best sensitivity. For this analyses the simulated mass points are divided into low mass ( $< 90 GeV$ ) and high-mass ( $> 90 GeV$ ) search regions.

**\* Please be careful for the standard cuts taken by the event generator at low mass region, while the limit is very sensitive for  $P_T$  and  $\Delta R$ .**

## 3 VALIDATION

- No cut flow is provided by CMS, validation is performed with signal regions. See plots for exclusion limit.

- Signal regions is defined according to the heavy neutrino mass which is defined as low mass region  $M_N \leq M_W$  and High mass region with  $M_W \leq M_N \leq 500 GeV$  .
- Cuts required for each signal region are in Table (2).
- Number of observed events and estimated SM background events are in Table(7)
- The validation plots have obtained for Symmetry Protected Seesaw Scenario (SPSS) model as in arXiv:1612.02728 [hep-ph]
- Signal events generated by using Whizard + pythia
- MLM merging algorithm has been used to avoid jets double counting.

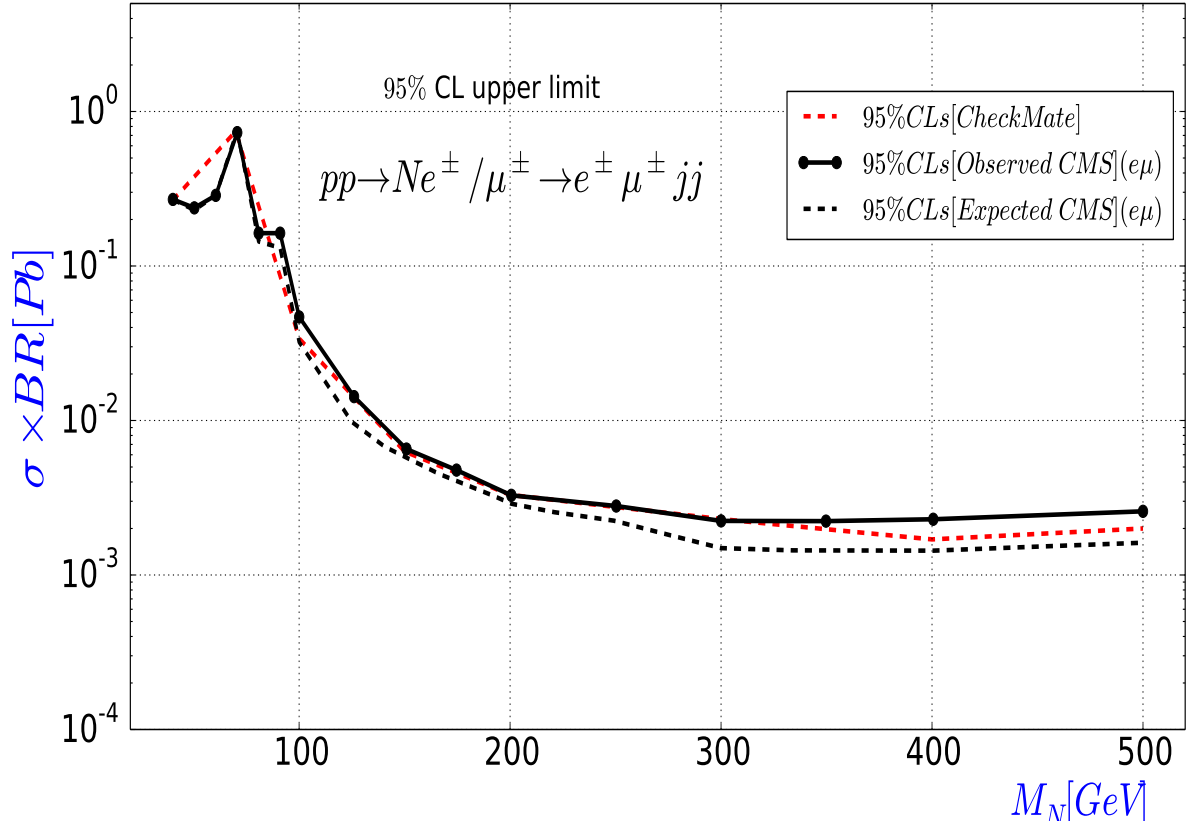


Figure 3.1: Exclusion region at 95% CL in the cross section times branching fraction for and  $\sigma(pp \rightarrow N l^\pm \rightarrow e^\pm \mu^\pm jj)$  (black) as a function of  $M_N$ , CheckMate result is in red. CMS data extracted by g3DATA package.

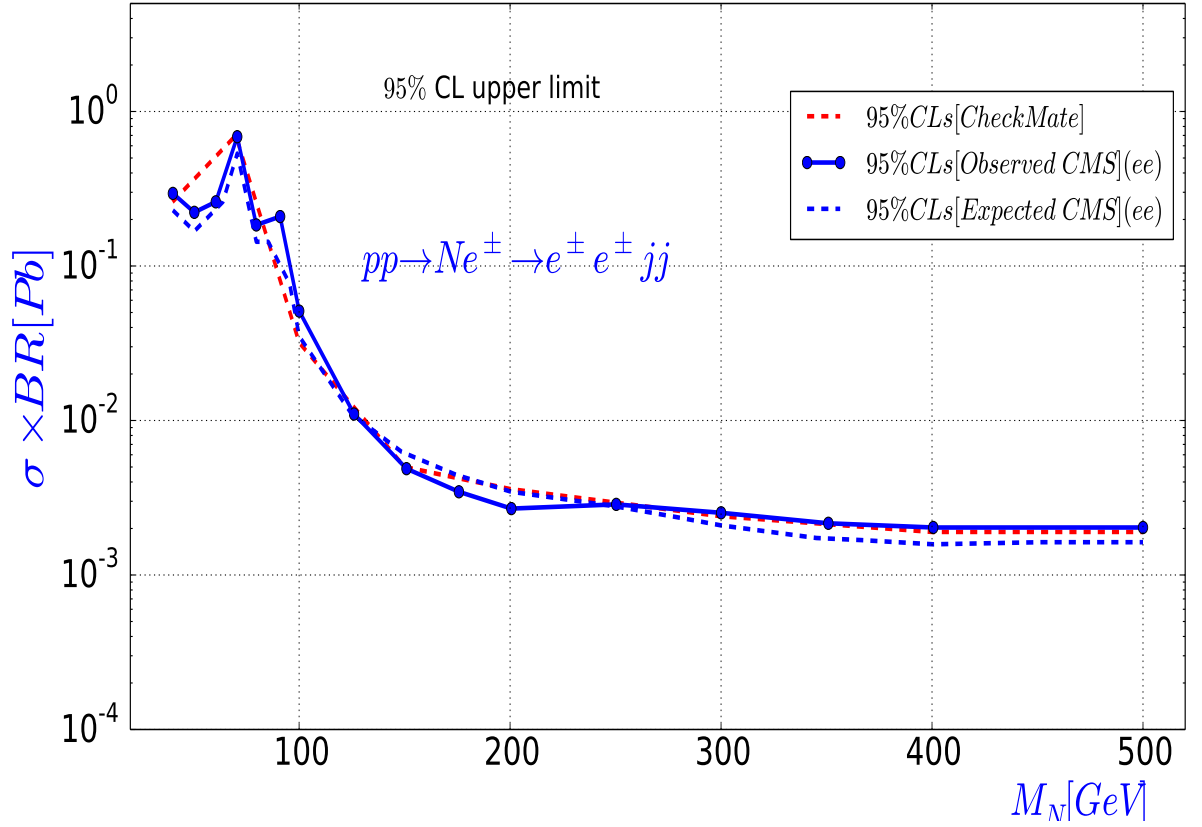


Figure 3.2: Exclusion region at 95% CL in the cross section times branching fraction for  $\sigma(pp \rightarrow N l^\pm \rightarrow e^\pm e^\pm jj)$  (blue) as a function of  $M_N$ , CheckMate result is in red. CMS data extracted by g3DATA package.